SOFTWARE CHALLENGES

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Software Challenges for Exascale Computing
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TACC AT A GLANCE

Personnel
160 Staff (~70 PhD)

Facilities
12 MW Data center capacity
Two office buildings, Three Datacenters, two visualization facilities, and a chilling plant.

Systems and Services
Two Billion compute hours per year
5 Billion files, 75 Petabytes of Data, Hundreds of Public Datasets

Capacity & Services
HPC, HTC, Visualization, Large scale data storage, Cloud computing
Consulting, Curation and analysis, Code optimization, Portals and Gateways, Web service APIs, Training and Outreach
FRONTERA SYSTEM --- PROJECT

- A new, NSF supported project to do 3 things:
- Deploy a system in 2019 for the largest problems scientists and engineers currently face.
- Support and operate this system for 5 years.
- Plan a potential phase 2 system, with 10x the capabilities, for the future challenges scientists will face.
FRONTERA SYSTEM --- HARDWARE

- Primary compute system: DellEMC and Intel
  - 35-40 PetaFlops Peak Performance
- Interconnect: Mellanox HDR and HDR-100 links.
  - Fat Tree topology, 200Gb/s links between switches.
- Storage: DataDirect Networks
  - 50+ PB disk, 3PB of Flash, 1.5TB/sec peak I/O rate.
- Single Precision Compute Subsystem: Nvidia
- Front end for data movers, workflow, API
DESIGN DECISIONS - PROCESSOR

- The architecture is in many ways “boring” if you are an HPC journalist, architect, or general junkie.
  - We have found that the way users refer to this kind of configuration is “useful”.
- No one has to recode for higher clock rate. We have abandoned the normal “HPC SKUS” of Xeon, in favor of the Platinum top bin parts – the ones that are 205W per socket.
  - Which, coincidentally, means the clock rate is higher on every core, whether you can scale in parallel or not.
  - Users tend to consider power efficiency “our problem”.
  - This also means there is *no* air cooled way to run these chips.
- Versus Stampede2, we are pushing up clock rate, core count, and main memory speed.
  - This is as close to “free” performance as we can give you.
DESIGN DECISIONS - FILESYSTEM

- Scalable Filesystems are always the weakest part of the system.
  - Almost the only part of the system where bad behavior by one user can affect the performance of a *different* user.

- Filesystems are built for the aggregate user demand – rarely does one user stress *all* the dimensions of filesystems (Bandwidth, Capacity, IOPS, etc.)

- We will divide the "scratch" filesystem into 4 pieces
  - One with very high bandwidth
  - 3 at about the same scale as Stampede, and divide the users.

- Much more aggregate capability – but no need to push scaling past ranges at which we have already been successful.
  - Expect higher reliability from perspective of individual users
  - Everything POSIX, no “exotic” things from user perspective.
ORIGINAL SYSTEM OVERVIEW

EXTERNAL NETWORK

Gateway Users -> Users -> External Applications

ACCESS LAYER

Login Nodes
Data Mover Nodes
Gateway & API Nodes

HIGH SPEED INTERCONNECT INFINIBAND

COMPUTE SUBSYSTEM

Primary Compute
>38PF DBl Precision
>8,000 Xeon Nodes

Single Precision Compute
>8PF Single Precision

STORAGE SUBSYSTEM

Fast Scratch
NVMe Filesystem
4PB 1.5TB/sec

Scratch/Work
Disk Filesystem
50PB 300GB/sec

COMMERICAL CLOUD STORAGE

Cloud VDI & Data Access

Archive System

Other TACC Resources
Frontera will consume almost 6 Megawatts of Power at Peak

- Direct water cooling of primary compute racks (CoolIT/DellEMC)
- Oil immersion Cooling (GRC)
- Solar, Wind inputs.
THE TEAM - INSTITUTIONS

- Operations: TACC, Ohio State University (MPI/Network support), Cornell (Online Training), Texas A&M (Campus Bridging)

- Science and Technology Drivers and Phase 2 Planning: Cal Tech, University of Chicago, Cornell, UC-Davis, Georgia Tech, Princeton, Stanford, Utah

- Vendors: DellEMC, Intel, Mellanox, DataDirect Networks, GRC, CoolIT, Amazon, Microsoft, Google
SYSTEM SUPPORT ACTIVITIES
THE “TRADITIONAL”

- Stuff you always expect from us:
  - Extended Collaborative Support (under of course yet another name) from experts in HPC, Vis, Data, AI, Life Sciences, etc.
  - Online and in person training, online documentation.
  - Ticket support, 24x7 staffing
  - Comprehensive SW stack – the usual ~2,000 RPMs.
  - Archive access – scalable to an Exabyte.
  - Shared Work Filesystem – same space across the ecosystem.
  - Queues for very large and very long – plus small and short, and backfill tuned so that works OK.
  - Reservations and priority tuning to give Quality of Service guarantees when needed.
SYSTEM SUPPORT ACTIVITIES
THE “TRADITIONAL”

- Stuff that is slightly newer (but you should still start to expect from us):
  - Auto-tuned MPI stacks
  - Automated Performance Monitoring, with data mining to drive consulting
  - Slack channels for user support (it’s a much smaller user community).
NEW SYSTEM SUPPORT ACTIVITIES

- Full Containerization support (this platform, Stampede, and *every other* platform now and future.
- Support for Controlled Unclassified Information (i.e. Protected Data)
- Application servers for persistent VMs to support services for automation.
  - Data Transfer (i.e. Globus)
  - Our native REST APIs
  - Other service APIs as needed – OSG (for Atlas, CMS, LIGO)
  - Possibly other services (Pegasus, perhaps things like metagenomics workflows)
NEW SYSTEM SUPPORT ACTIVITIES

- Built on these services, Portal/Gateway support
  - Close collaboration at TACC with SGCI (led by SDSC).
  - “Default” Frontera portals for: (not all in year 1).
    - Job submission, workflow building, status, etc.
    - Data Management – not just in/out and on the system itself, but full lifecycle – archive/collections system/cloud migration, metadata management, publishing and DOIs.
  - Geospatial
  - ML/AI Application services.
  - Vis/Analytics
  - Interactive/Jupyter
- And, of course, support to roll your own, or get existing community ones integrated properly.
PHASE 2 PROTOTYPES

- Allocations will include access to testbed systems with future/alternative architectures
  - Some at TACC, e.g. FPGA systems, Optane NVDIMM, (as yet unnamed 2021, 2023).
  - Some with partners – a Quantum Simulator at Stanford.
  - Some with the commercial cloud – Tensor Processors, etc.

- **Fifty nodes with Intel Optane technology will be deployed next year in conjunction with the production system**
  - Checkpoint file system? Local checkpoints to tolerate soft failures? Replace large memory nodes? Revive "out of core" computing? In-memory databases?

- Any resulting phase 2 system is going to be the result, at least in part, of actual users measured on actual systems, including at looking at, what they might actually *want* to run on.

- Eval around the world – keep close tabs on what is happening elsewhere (sometimes by formal partnership or exchange – ANL, ORNL, China, Europe).
STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP WITH COMMERCIAL CLOUDS

- Cloud/HPC is *not* an either/or. (And in many ways, we are just a specialized cloud).
- Utilize cloud strengths:
  - Options for publishing/sustaining data and data services
  - Access to unique services in automated workflow; VDI (i.e. image tagging, NLP, who knows what...)
  - Limited access to *every* new node technology for evaluation
    - FPGA, Tensor, Quantum, Neuromorphic, GPU, etc.
  - We will explore some bursting tech for more “throughput” style jobs – but I think the first 3 bullets are much more important...
COSMOS GRAVITATIONAL WAVES STUDY

Image Credits:
Greg Abram – TACC
Francesca Samsel – CAT
Carson Brownlee - Intel
Markus Kunesch, Juha Jäykkä, Pau Figueras, Paul Shellard
Center for Theoretical Cosmology, University of Cambridge
SOLAR CORONA PREDICTION

- Predictive Science, Inc. (California)
- Supporting NASA Solar Dynamics Observatory (SDO)
- Predicted solar corona on S2 during 8/21/17 eclipse
REAPING POWER FROM WIND FARMS

Multi-Scale Model of Wind Turbines

- Optimized control algorithm improves design choices
- New high-res models add nacelle and tower effects
- Blind comparisons to wind tunnel data demonstrate dramatic improvements in accuracy
- Potential to increase power by 6-7% ($600m/yr nationwide)

“TACC...give[s] us a competitive advantage...”


Christian Santoni, Kenneth Carrasquillo, Isnardo Arenas-Navarro, and Stefano Leonardi

UT Dallas, US/European collaboration (UTRC, NSF-PIRE 1243482)
USING KNL TO PROBE SPACE ODDITIES

Ongoing XSEDE collaboration focusing on KNL performance for new, high-resolution version of COSMOS MHD code

- Vectorization and other serial optimizations improved KNL performance by 50%
- COSMOS currently running 60% faster on KNL than Stampede1
- Work on OpenMP-MPI hybrid optimizations now underway
- Impact of performance improvements amounts to millions of core-hours saved

"The science that I do wouldn’t be possible without resources like [Stampede2]...resources that certainly a small institution like mine could never support. The fact that we have these national-level resources enables a huge amount of science that just wouldn’t get done otherwise." (Chris Fragile)

XSEDE ECSS: Collaboration between PI Chris Fragile (College of Charleston) and Damon McDougall (TACC)
HPC HAS EVOLVED...
SUPPORTING AN EVOLVING CYBERINFRASTRUCTURE

- Success in Computational/Data Intensive Science and Engineering takes more than systems.

- Modern Cyberinfrastructure requires many modes of computing, many skillsets, and many parts of the scientific workflow.
  - Data lifecycle, reproducibility, sharing and collaboration, event driven processing, APIs, etc.

- Our team and software investments are larger than our system investments
  - Advanced Interfaces – Web front ends, Rest API, Vis/VR/AR
  - Algorithms – Partnerships with ICES @ UT to shape future systems, applications and libraries.
HPC DOESN’T LOOK LIKE IT USED TO. . .

**HPC-Enabled Jupyter Notebooks**
Narrative analytics and exploration environment

**Web Portal**
Data management and accessible batch computing

**Event-driven Data Processing**
Extensible end-to-end framework to integrate planning, experimentation, validation and analytics

From Batch Processing and single simulations of many MPI Tasks – to that, plus new modes of computing, automated workflows, users who avoid the command line, reproducibility and data reuse, collaboration, end-to-end data management,

- **Simulation** where we have models
- **Machine Learning** where we have data or incomplete models

And most things are a blend of most of these. . .
AN EXEMPLAR PROJECT – SD2E

- DARPA – “Synergistic Discovery and Design (SD2)”
- Vision: to "develop data-driven methods to accelerate scientific discovery and robust design in domains that lack complete models."
- Initial focus in synthetic biology; ~six data provider teams, ~15 modeling teams, TACC for platform
- Cloud-based tools to collect, integrate, and analyze diverse data types; Promote collaboration and interaction across computational skill levels; Enable a reproducible and explainable research computing lifecycle; **Enhance, amplify, and link the capabilities of every SD2 performer**
HARVEY

- Next Generation Storm Forecasting (with Penn State)
- Storm Surge Modeling (with Clint Dawson UT Austin)
- Preliminary river flooding and inundation maps (David Maidment UT Austin)
- Remote Image Integration and Assimilation (Center for Space Research, UT Austin)
A team of researchers led by George Biros from The University of Texas at Austin scored in the top 25% of participants in the Multimodal Brain Tumor Segmentation Challenge 2017 (BRaTS'17) enabled by Stampede2 and other TACC resources.

In the challenge, research groups presented methods and results of computer-aided identification and classification of brain tumors, as well as different types of cancerous regions.

The team's method combined biophysical models of tumor growth with machine learning algorithms for the analysis of Magnetic Resonance imaging data of glioma patients.
MASSIVE DATA SET WORTHY OF ROSS ICE SHELF ITSELF

TACC partners with Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (LDEO) to host for one of the country’s largest earth sciences data collections

• Managing hundreds of TB using Stampede2, Corral, and Ranch: storage, provenance, visualization, and public access
• Achieved 10x workflow speedup by moving to TACC (from 50 hrs down to 5 hrs for transfer and analysis tasks)

“...partnership...with TACC shows [it’s] possible to manage...this level of data in a cost-effective, user-friendly and easily accessible manner...”

Image courtesy Oceanwide Expeditions.

PI Lingling Dong, Columbia University
XSEDE support to multidisciplinary, multi-institutional Rosetta project
RECORD ACHIEVED ON AI BENCHMARK

TACC, Berkeley, Cal Davis collaborate on large-scale AI runs

- Research demonstrating the potential of commodity hardware for AI
- Skylake ImageNet benchmark: (100 epochs, 11 min, 1024 nodes) -- fastest result at time of publication
- Knights Landing ImageNet benchmark (90 epochs, 20 min, 2048 nodes) – 3x faster than Facebook, with higher large-batch accuracy

"Using commodity HPC servers...the time to data-driven discovery is reduced and overall efficiency can be significantly increased." (Niall Gaffney, TACC)

Graphic credit Andrej Karpathy

Yang You, Zhao Zhang, Cho-Jui Hsieh, James Demmel, Kurt Keutzer
AN ECOSYSTEM FOR EXTREME SCALE SUPERCOMPUTING

- **Stampede-2**
  - #12 HPC system, 18PF, 350k cores

- **Lonestar 5**
  - Texas-focused HPC/HTC, XC40 30,000 Intel Haswell cores 1.25 PF

- **Hikari**
  - Protected Data Containers
  - 10,000 Intel Haswell cores 400TF

- **Wrangler**
  - Data Intensive Computing
  - 0.6 PB flash storage, 1 TB/s read rate

- **Maverick2**
  - GPU/Interactive/Analytics
  - GeForce GPUs, Jupyter and interactive support

- **Jetstream w/ Indiana U.**
  - Science Cloud/HTC
  - VM Library
  - ~10,000 Intel Haswell cores

- **Stockyard**
  - Shared Storage Across TACC
  - 30PB, Lustre

- **Ranch**
  - Archive
  - HIPAA-Aligned
  - 30PB Disk Cache, 0.5EB Tape

- **Corral**
  - Published Data Collections
  - HIPAA-Aligned
  - 20PB Replicated Disk

- **Rodeo**
  - Lasso

- **Lasso**
  - HIPAA-Aligned
  - 30PB Disk Cache, 0.5EB Tape
EXPERIMENTAL SYSTEMS

Catapult Altera FPGA Testbed (Microsoft)

Chameleon w/U. Chicago/Argonne Computer Science Testbed

Fabric Alternate Architectures (IBM, CAPI, FPGA, GPU)

Discovery New Processor/Storage Benchmarking

Rustler Object Storage Testbed
SO WHAT DOES ALL THIS MEAN FOR SOFTWARE?

- The basic way to program for Frontera is MPI+OpenMP
  - At 10k, 100k, 500k cores, the "end of MPI" has been predicted.
  - It has been consistently wrong, and probably still is.
- Arguably, in the last 60 years, our scientific programming successes are:
  - C/Fortran
  - MPI
  - OpenMP
  - Python? CUDA?
- We have tens of thousands of failures (any Chapel or X10 apps running at scale?).
- At this point, our system designs are being driven by "users can't change". (or at least not effectively).
YET, THINGS HAVE CHANGED

- The “core” exascale apps will likely still be C/C++ or Fortran with MPI+X.
  - X is overwhelmingly likely to be either OpenMP5 or CUDA.
- But there are many, many other apps that in aggregate will consume many cycles at Exascale
  - Will *any* of the main DL/ML/AI frameworks be C+MPI/OpenMP???
  - Will the data frameworks? We have 10s of Zettabytes of data to process on Exaflop machines.
SO, HOW DO WE BRIDGE THE GAP?

- There is currently a huge gap between “high end HPC” practice and “Scalable Cloud” practice.
  - Arguably, this is because the “scalable cloud” people don’t know any better, but it exists regardless.
- How will we bridge this gap?
  - Is it a matter of training and education?
  - Advocacy and argument?
  - Or will we simply have a broader, and likely frailer, software ecosystem?
- One approach might be to publish data about what works and what doesn’t...
HPC PERFORMANCE ANALYTICS

- Continue prior work automatically identifying poor use of the system and direct users to consultants
  - Identify performance possibilities
  - Target users to appropriate resources
TACC STATS

- Job-level HW and Linux counter data
  - Memory and cache traffic
  - Network traffic
  - Curates and analyzes the data
  - Integrates with XALT
  - Gather queuing statistics

- Started under Ranger with John Hammond (now at Intel). Then ran under an NSF STCI, and now a subcontract to U. Buffalo on XSEDE Audit Service.
THANKS!!

- The National Science Foundation
- The University of Texas
- Peter and Edith O’Donnell
- Dell, Intel, and our many vendor partners
- Cal Tech, Chicago, Cornell, Georgia Tech, Ohio State, Princeton, Texas A&M, Stanford, UC-Davis, Utah
- Our Users – the thousands of scientists who use TACC to make the world better.
- All the people of TACC
Nothing tends so much to the advancement of knowledge as the application of a new instrument. The native intellectual powers of men in different times are not so much the causes of the different success of their labours, as the peculiar nature of the means and artificial resources in their possession.

Humphry Davy

PICTUREQUOTES.com
THANKS!

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